

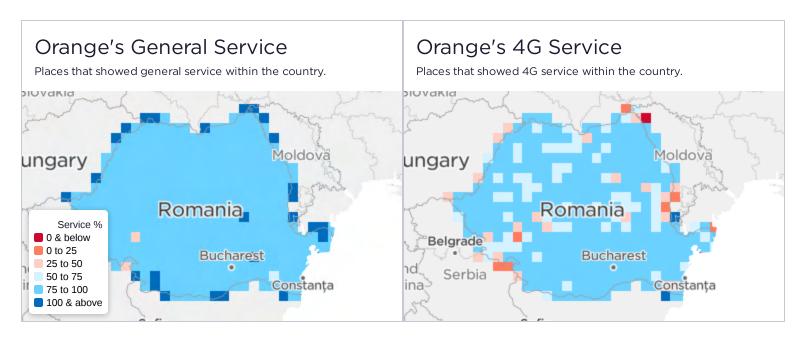
Ookla's Coverage Metrics describe the user's mobile experience with their cellular network. Coverage Score™ incorporates a measure of each provider's service and footprint within the country. See next page for more detail.

Scan Counts



| Coverage Score |     |  |  |
|----------------|-----|--|--|
| Orange         | 633 |  |  |
| DIGI           | 567 |  |  |
| Vodafone       | 515 |  |  |
| Telekom        | 494 |  |  |

| Orange   | 40,320,705 |
|----------|------------|
| DIGI     | 33,235,893 |
| Vodafone | 34,770,020 |
| Telekom  | 17,448,668 |



## Coverage Statistics

154,815,110

411.916

Total Locations Observed

410.228

391,408 Locations with Service

| Carrier  | Total Locations<br>Observed | General<br>Service | 4G Service |
|----------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Orange   | 269,747                     | 268,971            | 252,621    |
| Vodafone | 226,995                     | 226,550            | 197,207    |
| Telekom  | 216,157                     | 214,503            | 194,070    |
| DIGI     | 239,006                     | 238,157            | 228,429    |



## How Coverage Score Works

Ookla's Coverage Score captures both the number of locations in which an operator offers service (its footprint) and the quality of service in each location. Metrics are calculated using locations where coverage scans were contributed by Android Speedtest users. A location is an area that is equivalent to approximately 100 x 100m (about the size of a New York City block). To minimize the impact of misconfigured or underperforming devices, we require coverage scans from at least two devices at each location.

These features are determined using data from coverage scans, which capture the real-time network conditions of Android Speedtest users across the globe. An operator's footprint is the fraction of locations within a given market where a device has access to service. Each location is assigned a score based equally on the general and 4G service. For example, if a provider offered non-4G service in a location, that location would receive a score of 1/2. The overall Coverage Score for an operator is its footprint multiplied by the average quality score across its observed locations. Further, a multiplier is applied to the Coverage Score so that it is scaled from 0 to 1000 to avoid confusion that it could represent the percentage of an area or population with coverage.

## Coverage Maps

